FRAMINGHAM HEART STUDY

INFLAMMATORY MARKERS MANUAL

Please note: Some Framingham Heart Study ancillary studies include participants from cohorts other than the original, offspring and third generation FHS cohort. Some documentation includes mention of additional cohort groups, however these groups are not included as part of the initial SHARe data base.

Please note: The summary statistics in this manual may include phantom or duplicate observations and therefore may not be completely congruent with the observations in the data set provided.

Table of Contents

	Page Number
List of Inflammatory Marker Measurement Funding	3
Specimen Collection, Storage, Distribution & Measurement Procedure	es 4
CD40 Ligand (CD40L) Plasma	6
CD40 Ligand (CD40L) Serum	8
C-reactive protein (CRP)	10
Fibrinogen	12
Intercellular adhesion molecule 1 (ICAM 1)	13
Interleukin-6 (IL6)	15
Isoprostanes (8-epi-PGF2 $lpha$ / Urinary creatinine =Urinary isoprostanes) 17
Isoprostanes: (Urinary creatinine run for Isoprostanes)	19
Lipoprotein-Associated Phospholipase A2 (LP-PLA2 activity = "CAM") 21
Lipoprotein-Associated Phospholipase A2 (LP-PLA2 mass = "PLAC")	24
Monocyte chemoattractant protein-1 (MCP1)	27
Myeloperoxidase (MPO)	29
Osteoprotegerin (OPG)	31
P-Selectin	33
Tumor necrosis factor receptor II (TNFRII)	35
Acknowledgements	37
FHS Inflammatory Marker References & List of Covariate Labels	40
Appendix	
Product Information of Assay Kits for each marker	

April 14, 2007 Page 2 of 41

Inflammatory Marker Measurement Funding

N01-HC 25195 (PI: Philip A. Wolf, M.D.)

02/01/02 - 09/30/08

NIH/NHLBI

The Framingham Heart Study, Physical Examination, Testing and Surveillance

<u>Specific Aims:</u> Provide resources and personnel for examination and surveillance of cohort and offspring; recruit a third generation cohort; maintain surveillance on all participants. In addition, contract personnel are responsible for performing statistical analyses, writing reports and manuscripts, and for dissemination of results.

RO1 HL064753 (PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM)

07/01/00 - 06/30/2004

NIH/NHLBI

Inflammation: Correlates and Prognosis in Framingham

<u>Specific Aims:</u> To determine the relation between inflammatory markers & CVD & its risk factors in the FHS Offspring examination 7.

1 R01 HL76784 (PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM)

06/01/04 - 05/31/09

NIH/NHLBI

Framingham: Inflammation, Genes & Cardiovascular Disease

<u>Specific Aims:</u> To examine the environmental determinants of systemic inflammation in the community; To investigate the genetic determinants of systemic inflammation (heritability, linkage, and genotyping known polymorphisms in 60 inflammatory candidate genes); To identify the inflammatory phenotypic and genetic determinants of subclinical CVD; To determine the contribution of inflammatory phenotype versus genotype to prevalent and incident CVD and to incident hypertension.

1R01 AG028321 (PI, Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM)

07/01/06 - 06/30/11

NIH/NIA

Aging and Inflammation: Longitudinal Markers and Genetics in the Framingham Study

<u>Specific Aims:</u> To examine the risk factors related to 7 year progression of systemic inflammation (between Offspring exams 7 and 8, and Omni exams 2 & 3) in the community: To investigate the genetic factors associated with systemic inflammation and to examine the relation between inflammatory SNPs/haplotypes and frailty and declining physical function; To study the relation of changes in inflammatory markers to progression of blood pressure and subclinical disease including ankle brachial index, arterial tonometry, echocardiographic left ventricular structure and function and carotid intimal medial thickness; To identify the relations between changes in inflammatory biomarkers to frailty and progression of declining physical function over 7 years of follow-up.

Grant in response to RFA AG 05-011

Please see acknowledgements for actual grant specific aims and key personnel.

April 14, 2007 Page 3 of 41

FHS Inflammatory Marker Specimen Collection, Storage, Distribution and Measurement Procedures

FHS blood and urine collection/processing. Linking to the FHS data base, specimen bar code labels are generated that include FHS participant ID number and draw date. When the inflammation project was initiated the FHS had about 7 freezers, one of which was @-70C. As of 2007 the FHS has 22 freezers (1 @ ~-70C, 21 @ -80C). The vast majority of samples were stored at -80 degrees Celsius. Specimens are aliquoted after centrifugation and stored at -80°C without freeze thaw cycles until assay. The stability of specimens that have been stored at -80°C for years has been verified for CRP and other antigens. Shipped specimens are identified by FHS ID number, blinding laboratory personnel, and maintaining confidentiality.

FHS timing of phlebotomy and urine collection. Some biomarkers potentially could be affected by time of day or food; samples are collected in the morning, typically between 7 and 9 am after an overnight fast, shortly after clinic arrival.

Procedures for assays performed at the Framingham Heart Study laboratory.

Prior to analysis, samples are thawed to room temperature and mixed well. All assays are performed using commercially available kits, following manufacturer's instructions.

CRP's are measured on serum, using a nephelometric method on a Dade Behring BN100 with Dade Behring reagents. CRP assays are run in single. Reproducibility is assessed using phantom samples and random repeats.

Fibrinogens are measured on citrated plasma, using a method based on clot detection on a Diagnostica Stago STart4 Analyzer with Diagnostica Stago reagents. Fibrinogens are run in duplicate and averaged. Testing is repeated if there is >5% discrepancy between replicates.

Random urine samples were collected and frozen at -20C for subsequent analysis. Urine creatinines were measured using a modified Jaffe reaction on an Abbott Spectrum CCX with Abbott reagents. Samples are diluted 1:20 with normal saline and run in duplicate. Testing is repeated if:

- for creatinine ≤50mg/100ml; if the difference is >4.0 mg/100ml
- for creatinine >50 mg/100ml; if the difference is >6.5%.

Procedures for ELISA markers measured in John F. Keaney, Jr, MD's laboratory. For analysis, samples are thawed at room temperature, vortexed vigorously, and the specimens (serum or plasma) are measured using commercially available enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay kits (ELISA) according to the manufacturer's instructions (see appendix for ELISA kit pdfs). Standards and samples are run in duplicates and OD is read using microplate reader (Molecular Devices VersaMax). Duplicates that are not within CV <95th percentile are rerun.

FHS lab assigns a dummy ID number to about 4% of randomly chosen duplicate phantom specimens. If possible the lab attempts to order and use 1 lot for each specific ELISA assay. If not possible, we examine the variability secondary to lot. If lot accounts for a significant amount of variability, lot is adjusted for in analyses (e.g. isoprostanes).

April 14, 2007 Page 4 of 41

Table 20. Inflammat	Table 20. Inflammatory Biomarker Quality Control (QC) Protocol						
Element	Frequency	Procedure	Statistics				
Control Samples		 When available commercial control is run with each ELISA plate together with internal control (75% plates are run with both controls) Pooled plasma (internal control) is run on 75% of plates. Whole blood for pooled plasma is drawn from 1-10 healthy volunteers. Blood is centrifuged and aliquots are frozen at -80C. 	The OD of each plate is read using Molecular Devices VERSAmax plate reader. The results are calculated using SOFTmax Pro. Data are sent to biostatistician including subject ID, position on plate, result, mean result, Std.Dev., dilution factor and final result.				
Reproducibility	Each ELISA Assay	 All calibrators controls and participant specimens are run in duplicate Duplicates with CV >95th percentile rerun. 	 Mean ± sd y - y Range y - y CV% 				
	Daily	 Phantom variability 4% specimens assigned a dummy ID and rerun as phantoms 	 y₁ - y₂ compared to assay specific table Correlations; CV% 				
Data cleaning	Quarterly	 Generated by data management staff 	Out of range data; Missing data				
QC reports	Bi-annually	 Reproducibility statistics included in reports Review by lab, co- investigators, consultant 	Descriptive statistics; Data cleaningAnalyte means by quarter				
Lab meetings	Weekly	 meets weekly with lab staff to review issues Review QC reports as they are available 					
sa = standard deviati	on; All exam 8	kits for each specific ELISA will be	e trom same manufacturer's LUT				

April 14, 2007 Page 5 of 41

CD40 Ligand (CD40L) Plasma

1. Funding Source/Lab

Framingham specimens	PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM
Grant #	RO1 HL 064753 & RO1 HL076784
Lab	JFK/IL/AB
Contact:	

2. Method: Quantitative ELISA

3. Technical Aspects

Molecular Devices VersaMax microplate reader					
Commercial kit including all reagents					
Vendor Bender MedSystems (Cat. No. BMS 293)					
http://www.bendermedsystems.com/					
Minimum detectable dose 0.005 ng/mL					
Standard curve range 0.08 – 5 ng/mL					

4. FHS Specimen Characteristics

- a. EDTA Plasma, run in duplicate
- b. Frozen samples, run on 2nd thaw
- c. Samples were subjected to 1-3 freeze-thaw cycles.

5. QC aspects

CV intra-assay:		4.59±3.63				
CV intra FHS IDs:		4.58±3.63				
CV Intra-assay fina	I data set. If sample	4.43±3.40				
re-measured becau	ise CV is higher					
than threshold then	use the lowest CV.					
CV intra phantoms		4.79±3.70				
Number per cycle	Number per cycle		148			
CV inter	CV inter		no inter CVs since some run in the same plate or same			
		day.				
CV threshold for re	-measuring:	12.9				
Bar code reader:		Yes				
Internal controls	mean	std	min	max		
	0.40	0.06	0.27	0.56		

Mean and CV by month:

Month	09/2004	10/2004	11/2004	12/2004	01/2005
N	78	1217	989	1028	604
Mean±std	3.25±4.90	3.10±4.59	3.36±4.80	3.26±4.78	3.30±4.73
CVmean±std	5.45±4.15	4.83±3.92	4.57±3.44	4.45±3.47	4.26±3.48

April 14, 2007 Page 6 of 41

6. FHS participant aspect

a. Markers run: 09/04 - 01/05

b. Measured in: ng/mL

c. Count Offspring n = 3305

Descriptive Statistics

	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Unadjusted:	3.27	4.76	0.068	29.45	1.17	0.53	3.89
Log-transformed	0.39	1.24	2.69	3.38	0.15	0.64	1.36

7. Marker residuals (studentized)

Adjustment	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Media	Q1	Q3
Age & Sex	5.20E-6	1.000	-2.59	2.57	-0.20	-0.83	0.75
Multivariable	2.45E-5	1.000	-2.73	2.77	-0.18	-0.82	0.75
covariates: idtype, age, sex, bmi, smoke, cvd, glucose, tot_hdl, lipidrx, hrx, sbp, dbp, hrtnow, asa3week, waist, diab, trig							

Publication¹

April 14, 2007 Page 7 of 41

CD40 Ligand (CD40L, Serum)

1. Funding Source/Lab

Framingham specimens	PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM
Grant #	RO1 HL 064753 & RO1 HL076784
Lab	JFK/IL/AB
Contact:	

2. Method: Quantitative ELISA

3. Technical Aspects

Molecular Devices VersaMax microplate reader					
Commercial kit including all reagents					
Vendor Bender MedSystems (Cat. No. BMS 239) http://www.bendermedsystems.com/					
nttp://www.bendermedsystems.com/					
Minimum detectable dose 0.062 ng/mL					
Standard curve range 0.16 – 10 ng/mL					

4. FHS Specimen Characteristics

- a. Serum, run in duplicate
- b. Frozen samples, run on $2^{\rm nd}$ thaw
- c. Samples were subjected to 1-3 freeze-thaw cycles.

5. QC aspects

CV intra-assay:		5.19±6.40				
CV intra FHS IDs:		5.22±6.49				
CV Intra-assay fina	I data set. If sample	4.69±4.45				
re-measured becau	use CV is higher					
than threshold then	use the lowest CV.					
CV intra phantoms	CV intra phantoms		4.37±3.37			
Number per cycle		144				
CV inter		No inter CVs since some phantoms and the original IDs				
		are run in the same plate or on same day				
CV threshold for re	-measuring:	11.5				
Bar code reader:	-	Yes				
Internal controls	mean	std	min	max		
	5.2	0.8	3.4	6.7		

Mean and CV by month:

Month	06/2003	07/2003	08/2003	09/2003	10/2003
N	102	651	646	831	850
Mean±std	1.10±1.42	4.02±3.38	2.72±2.47	3.00±3.01	5.17±3.57
CVmean±std	11.8±23.4	5.18±6.67	4.50±7.13	4.88±3.63	5.00±3.38

Month	11/2003	12/2003	02/2004	03/2004	04/2004
N	416	267	252	21	26
Mean±std	4.89±4.00	5.56±3.90	2.21±2.18	1.84±2.12	1.86±2.50
CVmean±std	5.26±3.22	5.43±3.52	5.40±5.01	4.08±2.50	7.94±19.2

April 14, 2007 Page 8 of 41

6. FHS participant aspect

a. Markers run: 06/03 - 04/04

b. Measured in: ng/mL

c. Count Offspring n = 3281

Descriptive Statistics -

_	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Unadjusted:	3.91	3.44	0.005	33.18	2.98	1.13	5.87
Log-transformed	0.75	1.51	-5.30	3.50	1.09	0.13	1.77

7. Marker residuals (studentized)

Adjustment	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Age & Sex	-2.05E-6	1.000	-4.21	1.92	0.23	-0.41	0.68
Multivariable	-4.49E-6	1.000	-4.26	1.89	0.23	-0.40	0.67

covariates: idtype, age, sex, bmi, smoke, cvd, glucose, tot_hdl, lipidrx, hrx, sbp, dbp, hrtnow, asa3week, waist, diab, trig

April 14, 2007 Page 9 of 41

C-reactive protein (CRP)

1. Funding Source/Lab

ii i diidiiig Godi oc/Lab	
Framingham specimens	PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM
	Offspring Exam 7
	PI: Ramachandran S. Vasan, MD
	Offspring Exam 6
	PI: Peter W.F. Wilson, MD,
	Offspring Exam 2
Grant #	RO1 HL 064753 & RO1 HL076784
Lab	FHS Lab
Contact:	

2. Method: Particle enhanced immunonephelometry

3. Technical Aspects

Commercial kit including all reagents	
Vendor	Dade Behring
	BN 100 – High Sensitivity CRP reagent
	http://www.dadebehring.com
Minimum detectable dose Units	0.16 mg/L
Measuring range	0.16 - 1100 mg/L

4. FHS Specimen Characteristics

a. Serum, run in single

b. Frozen samples (- 80C)

5. QC aspects

CV intra-assay:	3.20 %
CV intra phantoms	3.9 %
Number per cycle	116
CV inter-assay	5.3 %
CV threshold for re-measuring:	n/a
Bar code reader:	No
Internal controls	yes

6. FHS participant aspect

a. Markers run:

b. Measured in: mg/L

c. Count Offspring n = 3301

April 14, 2007 Page 10 of 41

Descriptive Statistics -

_	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Unadjusted:	4.32	7.71	0.16	250.5	2.14	0.99	5.12
Log-transformed	0.81	1.13	-1.83	5.52	0.76	-0.01	1.63

7. Marker residuals (studentized)

Adjustment	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Age & Sex	-7.47E-6	1.000	-2.62	4.24	-0.0261	-0.72	0.72
Multivariable	-1.52E-5	1.000	-3.30	5.09	-0.0262	-0.71	0.62

covariates: idtype, age, sex, bmi, smoke, cvd, glucose, tot_hdl, lipidrx, hrx, sbp, dbp, hrtnow, asa3week, waist, diab, trig

8. Publication 1-12

April 14, 2007 Page 11 of 41

Fibrinogen

1.Funding Source/Lab

Framingham specimens	NO1 HC 25195
Specimens examining technical aspects of	
Fibrinogen	
Lab	FHS Lab
Contact:	

2. Method: Clauss method (clot time)

3. Technical Aspects

Commercial kit including all reagents	
Vendor	Diagnostica Stago Reagents – STart 4
	http://www.stago.com/gb/asp/home_global.asp
Units	mg/100ml
Measuring range	90 – 1800 mg/100ml

4. FHS Specimen Characteristics

- a. Run in duplicate
- b. Citrate plasma not previously thawed

5. QC aspects

CV intra-assay:	1.1 % +/- 1.1
CV intra phantoms	3.1%
Number per cycle	118
CV inter	4.4 %
CV threshold for re-measuring:	n/a
Bar code reader:	No
Internal controls	yes

6. FHS participant aspect

a. Markers run: 12/18/02 - 11/04/03

b. Measured in: mg/100mlc. Count Offspring n = 3300

Descriptive Statistics -

	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Unadjusted:	379.8	74.7	181.0	1194	371	329	422
Log-transformed	5.92	0.19	5.20	7.09	5.92	5.80	6.05

7. Marker residuals (studentized)

Adjustment	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Age & Sex	-1.05E-7	1.000	-3.77	6.21	-0.0259	-0.65	0.65
Multivariable	-1.26E-5	1.000	-4.36	6.95	-0.0081	-0.66	0.66

covariates: idtype, age, sex, bmi, smoke, cvd, glucose, tot_hdl, lipidrx, hrx, sbp, dbp, hrtnow, asa3week, waist, diab, trig

April 14, 2007 Page 12 of 41

Intercellular adhesion molecule 1 (ICAM 1)

1. Funding Source/Lab

Framingham specimens	PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM		
Grant #	RO1 HL 064753 & RO1 HL076784		
Lab	JFK/IL		
Contact:			

2. Method: Quantitative ELISA

3. Technical Aspects

Molecular Devices VersaMax microplate reader				
Commercial kit including all reagents				
Vendor	R & D Systems (Cat. No. BBE 1B)			
	http://www.rndsystems.com/			
Minimum detectable dose	<0.35 ng/ml			
Standard curve range	0 - 50 ng/mL			

4. FHS Specimen Characteristics

- a. Serum, run in duplicate
- b. Frozen samples, run on 1st thaw
- c. Samples were subjected to 1-3 freeze-thaw cycles.

5. QC aspects

CV intra-assay:		3.93±2.86			
CV intra FHS IDs:		3.94±2.97			
	Il data set. If sample	3.70±2.40			
re-measured becau	use CV is higher				
than threshold ther	use the lowest CV.				
CV intra phantoms		3.71±2.67			
Number per cycle		147			
CV inter		No inter CVs since some phantoms and the original IDs			
		are run in the same plate or on same day.			
CV threshold for re	-measuring:	8.8			
Bar code reader:		Yes			
	mean	std	min	max	
R&D controls	269.67	23.19	161	335	
Internal controls	218.14	15.50	180	245	

Mean and CV by month:

mount and ov	<i>by</i>				
Month	07/2001	08/2001	09/2001	10/2001	11/2001
N	485	614	593	1431	831
Mean±std	249±60	261±67	241±61	257±89	259±120
CVmean±std	3.56±2.68	3.74±2.67	4.63±2.68	3.98±2.65	3.74±3.48
Month	12/2001	02/2002	04/2002		
N	35	39	11		
Mean±std	280±86	371±150	256±84		
CVmean±std	4.16±2.61	3.14±2.15	2.75±1.93		

April 14, 2007 Page 13 of 41

6. FHS participant aspect

a. Markers run:07/01 - 04/02

b. Measured in: ng/mL

c. Count Offspring n = 3303

Descriptive Statistics -

	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Unadjusted:	255.98	86.82	2.47	1384	241.26	209.74	283.13
Log-transformed	5.5	0.30	0.90	7.23	5.49	5.35	5.65

7. Marker residuals (studentized)

Adjustment	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Age & Sex	-2.0E-6	1.000	-14.90	6.27	-0.062	-0.55	0.49
Multivariable	-2.59E-5	1.001	-15.82	6.53	-0.032	-0.53	0.49

covariates: idtype, age, sex, bmi, smoke, cvd, glucose, tot_hdl, lipidrx, hrx, sbp, dbp, hrtnow, asa3week, waist, diab, trig

ICAM-1 Kits Shipped in 2001

Ship Date	Catalogue #	Description	Quantity	Lot#
7/16/2001	BBE 1B	Human sICAM-1CD54 Parameter ELISA Kit	10	204247
7/26/2001	BBE 1B	Human sICAM-1CD54 Parameter ELISA Kit	10	204247
8/13/2001	BBE 1B	Human sICAM-1CD54 Parameter ELISA Kit	10	204546
9/17/2001	BBE 1B	Human sICAM-1CD54 Parameter ELISA Kit	15	205051
9/24/2001	BBE 1B	Human sICAM-1CD54 Parameter ELISA Kit	15	205051
10/1/2001	BBE 1B	Human sICAM-1CD54 Parameter ELISA Kit	15	205051
10/8/2001	BBE 1B	Human sICAM-1CD54 Parameter ELISA Kit	5	205169
11/27/2001	BBE 1B	Human sICAM-1CD54 Parameter ELISA Kit	1	205628
12/3/2001	BBE 1B	Human sICAM-1CD54 Parameter ELISA Kit	3	205628
10/23/2001	BBE 1B	Human sICAM-1CD54 Parameter ELISA Kit	15	205241
11/13/2001	BBE 1B	Human sICAM-1CD54 Parameter ELISA Kit	7	205628
11/13/2001	BBE 1B	Human sICAM-1CD54 Parameter ELISA Kit	5	205628
		Generation 3 samples		
11/15/2005	BBE1B	sICAM-1, R/D	126	233487

8. Publications 1;3-7;9;13

April 14, 2007 Page 14 of 41

Interleukin-6 (IL6) (High Sensitivity)

1.Funding Source/Lab

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Framingham specimens	PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM
Grant #	RO1 HL 064753 & RO1 HL076784
Lab	JFK/IL
Contact:	

2. Method: Quantitative ELISA

3. Technical Aspects

Molecular Devices VersaMax microplate reader				
Commercial kit including all reagents				
Vendor	R & D Systems (Cat. No. D6050)			
	http://www.rndsystems.com/			
Minimum detectable dose	<0.70 pg/mL			
Standard curve range	0 – 300 pg/mL			

4. FHS Specimen Characteristics

- a. Serum, run in duplicate
- b. Frozen samples, run on 2nd thaw
- c. Samples were subjected to 1-3 freeze-thaw cycles.
- d. Volume of sample: 200uL

5. QC aspects

CV intra-assay:		3.12±2.19			
CV intra FHS IDs:		3.11±2.18			
re-measured becau	Il data set. If sample use CV is higher use the lowest CV.	3.05±2.12			
CV intra phantoms		3.42±2.42			
Number per cycle		145			
CV inter		No inter CVs since some phantoms and the original IDs are run in the same plate or on same day			
CV threshold for re	-measuring:	7.9			
Bar code reader:		Yes			
Internal controls	mean	std	min	max	
	1.3	0.2	1.0	1.7	

Mean and CV by month:

Month	12/2001	01/2002	02/2002	03/2002	04/2002	05/2002
N	138	855	308	1040	775	775
Mean±std	3.23±3.31	3.89±3.38	4.00±4.58	4.11±6.31	4.26±4.91	3.73±5.22
CVmean±std	3.67±2.51	3.28±2.32	3.21±2.14	3.07±2.14	2.90±2.10	3.09±2.11

April 14, 2007 Page 15 of 41

6. FHS participant aspect

a. Markers run: 12/01 – 05/02

b. Measured in: pg/mL

c. Count Offspring n = 3297

Descriptive Statistics -

	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Unadjusted:	3.99	5.11	0.37	104.37	2.68	1.80	4.27
Log-transformed	1.07	0.71	-0.99	4.65	0.99	0.59	1.45

7. Marker residuals (studentized)

Adjustment	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Age & Sex	4.66E-6	1.000	-2.65	5.03	-0.12	-0.68	0.51
Multivariable	3.09E-5	1.000	-2.46	5.44	-0.13	-0.66	0.45

covariates: idtype, age, sex, bmi, smoke, cvd, glucose, tot_hdl, lipidrx, hrx, sbp, dbp, hrtnow, asa3week, waist, diab, trig

HS II6 Kits Shipped in 2002

Ship Date	Catalogue #	Description	Quantity	Lot#
3/4/2002	HS600	Human II-6 Quantikine HS ELISA Kit	10	207027
4/30/2002	HS600	Human II-6 Quantikine HS ELISA Kit	6	207925
3/20/2002	HS600	Human II-6 Quantikine HS ELISA Kit	6	207305
5/15/2002	HS600	Human II-6 Quantikine HS ELISA Kit	4	208038
4/29/2002	HS600	Human II-6 Quantikine HS ELISA Kit	6	207925
4/2/2002	HS600	Human II-6 Quantikine HS ELISA Kit	6	207541
4/22/2002	HS600	Human II-6 Quantikine HS ELISA Kit	6	207925
3/12/2002	HS600	Human II-6 Quantikine HS ELISA Kit	6	207305
3/25/2002	HS600	Human II-6 Quantikine HS ELISA Kit	6	207305
4/1/2002	HS600	Human II-6 Quantikine HS ELISA Kit	6	207541
5/13/2002	HS600	Human II-6 Quantikine HS ELISA Kit	6	208038

8. Publications 1;3-7;9

April 14, 2007 Page 16 of 41

Isoprostanes (8epi-PGF2α/ Urinary Creatinine (Urinary Isoprostanes)

1.Funding Source/Lab

Framingham specimens	PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM
Grant #	RO1 HL 064753 & RO1 HL076784
Lab	JFK/IL
Contact:	

2. Method: ACE Competitive EIA

3.Technical Aspects

Molecular Devices VersaMax microplate reader			
Commercial kit including all reagents			
Vendor	Cayman Chemical (Cat. No. 516351)		
	http://www.caymanchem.com/app/template/Home.vm		
Minimum detectable dose	n/a		
Standard curve range	3.9 – 500 pg/mL		

4.FHS Specimen Characteristics

- a. Urine, run in duplicate
- b. Frozen samples Samples were subjected to 1-3 freeze-thaw cycles.

Please note: The total N run for urinary isoprostanes is smaller than that for urinary creatinine. Two different sample sets were used to run these analytes. Collection of the isoprostane sample set was initiated approximately three months after the beginning of the exam cycle.

5. QC aspects

CV intra-assay:		9.6±6.8				
CV intra FHS IDs:		9.6±6.8				
re-measured becau	al data set. If sample use CV is higher nuse the lowest CV.	9.12±5.78				
CV intra phantoms		10.0±6.4				
Number per cycle		135				
CV inter	CV inter		No inter CVs since some phantoms and the original IDs are run in the same plate or on same day			
CV threshold for re-measuring:		21.3				
Bar code reader:		Yes				
Internal controls	mean	std	min	max		
	663.19	116.72	407	881		

Mean and CV by month:

Month	01/2001	02/2001	03/2001	04/2001	05/2001
N	599	763	759	439	548
Mean±std	148±87	142±103	150±95	168±109	187±149
CVmean±std	9.7±8.9	10.1±6.5	9.9±6.3	9.1±5.6	9.3±6.6

Month	06/2001	08/2001		
N	278	58		
Mean±std	148±86	178±100		
CVmean±std	9.0±5.6	7.6±5.4		

April 14, 2007 Page 17 of 41

6. FHS participant aspect

a. Markers run: 01/01 - 08/01

b. Measured in: pg/mL

c. Count Offspring n = 2828

Descriptive Statistics -

	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Unadjusted:	158.30	109.39	1.25	1844.85	132.80	89.32	194.93
Log-transformed	4.89	0.60	0.22	7.52	4.89	4.49	5.27

7. Marker residuals (studentized)

Adjustment	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Age & Sex	-8.70E-7	1.000	-7.58	4.60	0.0020	-0.65	0.64
Multivariable	-1.46E-5	1.000	-7.97	5.15	0.0141	-0.65	0.66

covariates: idtype, age, sex, bmi, smoke, cvd, glucose, tot_hdl, lipidrx, hrx, sbp, dbp, hrtnow, asa3week, waist, diab, trig

8. Publications^{9;14}

April 14, 2007 Page 18 of 41

Urinary Creatinine (run for Isoprostanes)

1.Funding Source/Lab

Framingham specimens	PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM
Grant #	RO1 HL 064753 & RO1 HL076784
Lab	FHS Lab
Contact:	

2. Method: colorimetric: Jaffe reaction

3.Technical Aspects

Commercial kit including all reagents				
Vendor	Abbott Spectrum CCX			
Minimum detectable dose				
Measuring Range:	6-1000mg/100ml			

4.FHS Specimen Characteristics

a. Urine, run in duplicate

b. Frozen samples (-20C)

Please note: The total N run for urinary isoprostanes is smaller than that for urinary creatinine. Two different sample sets were used to run these analytes. Collection of the isoprostane sample set was initiated approximately three months after the beginning of the exam cycle.

5. QC aspects

CVmean±std

CV intra-assay:	2.0%
CV intra phantoms	6.2%
Number per cycle	154
CV inter –assay	4.0%
CV threshold for re-measuring:	
Bar code reader:	No
Internal controls	yes

Mean and CV by month:

Month			
N			
Mean±std			
CVmean±std			
Month			
N			
Mean±std			

April 14, 2007 Page 19 of 41

6. FHS participant aspect

a. Markers run: 4/23/01 - 11/1/01

b. Measured in: mg/100mLc. Count Offspring n = 3184

Descriptive Statistics -

	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Unadjusted:							
Log-transformed							

7. Marker residuals (studentized)

Adjustment	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Age & Sex							
Multivariable							

covariates: idtype, age, sex, bmi, smoke, cvd, glucose, tot_hdl, lipidrx, hrx, sbp, dbp, hrtnow, asa3week, waist, diab, trig

8. Publications^{9;14}

April 14, 2007 Page 20 of 41

Lipoprotein-Associated Phospholipase A2 (LP-PLA2) Activity Analysis by CAM

1.Funding Source/Lab

Framingham specimens	PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM
•	
Grant #	RO1 HL 064753 & RO1 HL076784
	Lp-PLA2 activity levels was measured by GSK
	at no cost to the FHS
Lab	GlaxoSmithKline(GSK)
Contact:	
Submitted By:	
•	

2. Method: Activity

3.Technical Aspects

Discovery Research, GSK	
CAM Kit (Lot # TN02)	
Vendor	diaDexus
	http://www.diadexus.com/
Units	nmo/mL/min
Measuring Range	2-300 nmols/mL/min
Mass	measured with 2-site ELISA (diaDexus Inc, South San Francisco, Calif)

4.FHS Specimen Characteristics

Offspring Exam 7 EDTA Plasma stored at -80

Framingham Heart Study Samples

Date received: 9/8/05 Samples received 3416 Samples tested: 3416 Date Reported 01/16/06

Study Design:

- p-Nitrophenol calibrators were run in duplicate on a separate plate at the beginning of each week to verify accepted range for p-nitrophenol curve. However, all Lp-PLA2 activity values were calculated from a single slope of 0.02713 from an average of twenty-two p-Nitrophenol curves performed just prior to the start of the study.
- 2. Controls run at the beginning and end of each plate in duplicate (12 wells, 6 averages, 3 averages of Low QC and 3 averages of High QC)
- 3. All samples run in duplicate on consecutive microtiter plates (mean values reported)
- 4. Samples with duplicate CV greater than 12.4% were repeated. Repeat results reported. Samples with repeat CV exceeding 12.4% were not repeated and the mean of the duplicates with the lowest CV reported.

April 14, 2007 Page 21 of 41

CAM Assay Acceptability Criteria:

1. At least four of six QC duplicate averages must fall within the acceptable ranges shown below. These ranges were established during the first week of the study.

CAM Controls:

Low QC range (C3, 10580213): 117.9 - 165.0 nmol/mL/min High QC range (C2, 10580220): 208.8 - 269.5 nmol/mL/min

- 2. Additionally, the mean plate CV of the six duplicate averages must be less than 8.5%.
- 3. Each calibrator on the p-nitrophenol curve must fall within predefined ranges in order to be accepted.

Standard 1: 0.02 to 0.08 OD_{405nm}

Standard 2: 0.15 to 0.21 Standard 3: 0.26 to 0.38 Standard 4: 0.57 to 0.88 Standard 5: 1.15 to 1.74 Standard 6: 1.53 to 2.65 Standard 7: 2.23 to 3.26

In addition, the slope of the weekly standard curve must fall within the pre-defined range of 0.023 - 0.031 ΔOD_{405} /nmol.

4. Samples which had activity values outside 2 to 300 nmols/mL/min exceed dynamic range of assay and reported as such.

Results:

Total number of plates run including repeats: 106

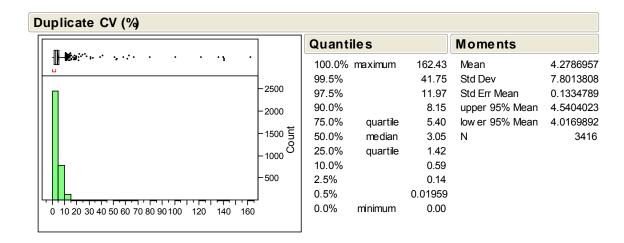
Sample results: File attached

Summary:

Results	Sample Number	Mean	Min	Max	5% Percentile	95% Percentile	Median
CAM nmol/mL/min	3416	143.2	14.4	364.3	90.3	204.4	140.4

Framingham Heart Study CAM Assay Results Distribution Lp-PLA2 Activity (nmol/mL/min) Quantiles Moments Ore. 100.0% maximum 364.26 Mean 143.2152 99.5% 248.22 Std Dev 35.466377 97.5% 219.12 Std Err Mean 0.6068172 400 90.0% 189.52 upper 95% Mean 144.40496 75.0% 165.35 low er 95% Mean 142.02544 quartile 300 50.0% median 3416 140.43 N 25.0% -200 S quartile 118.53 10.0% 100.22 2.5% 81.83 100 0.5% 61.29 0.0% minimum 14.39 300 400

April 14, 2007 Page 22 of 41



Quality Control:

All samples assayed by CAM assay were run in duplicate. 291 samples which had duplicate CV's exceeding 12.4% were repeated in duplicate and the mean was reported. Of the repeated samples, some samples had CV's exceeding 12.4% for both runs of the assay, in which case, the mean of the duplicates with the lowest CV was reported.

All plates met the acceptance criteria set forth for the QC's; no entire plate required repeating.

QC Control Summary:

Control	Mean	% CV	n
CAM Low QC	144.2	7.0%	318
CAM High QC	246.1	5.9%	318

April 14, 2007 Page 23 of 41

Lipoprotein-Associated Phospholipase A2 (LP-PLA2) Mass Analysis by PLAC

1. Funding Source/Lab

Framingham specimens	PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM
-	
Grant #	RO1 HL 064753 & RO1 HL076784
	Lp-PLA2 mass was measured by diaDexus at
	no cost to the FHS
Lab	GlaxoSmithKline(GSK)
Contact:	
Submitted By:	

2. Method: Mass

3.Technical Aspects

orrodinioar / topooto						
Discovery Research, GSK						
Kit Lp-PLA2 P/N 90103 L/N 509003, PLAC® Test						
Vendor diaDexus						
	http://www.diadexus.com/					
Units	ng/mL					
Measuring Range						
PLAC Controls	C 1 90018-508069 mean 192.8ng/mL					
	C 2 90019-508070 mean 424.3ng/mL					

4.FHS Specimen Characteristics

Offspring Exam 7 EDTA Plasma stored at -80

Framingham Samples

Date Received: 10/5/05, 10/11/05 replaced, 10/25/05 box 21 returned

Samples Supplied: 3456 tubes, 40 empty

Samples tested: 3416 Date Reported 1/13/06

Study Design

- 1. Calibrators and controls run in duplicate
- 2. Controls run throughout the plate
- 3. Samples run in single point, 20% of the samples run in duplicate, same plate (mean values reported)
- 4. Samples with duplicate CV's > than 15 % repeated, repeat results reported.

Assay Acceptability criteria:

- 1. Calibrators: calibrator 6 OD ≥ 1.6
- 2. Duplicates CV on calibrators and calibrators ≤ 15%
- 3. PLAC Controls:

C 1 range 153.9 - 231.7 ng/mL C 2 range 302.8 - 545.9 ng/mL

April 14, 2007 Page 24 of 41

Results:

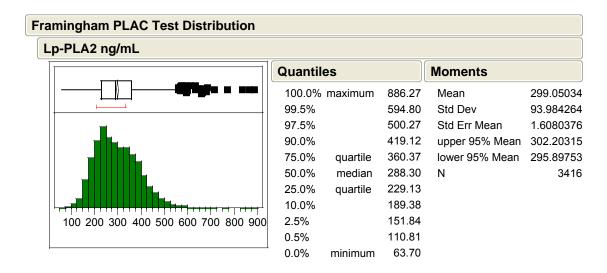
Total number of plates run: 55 kits

Sample Results: File Attached

Summary:

Results

Results	Sample Number	Mean	Min	Max	5% Percentile	95% Percentile	Median
PLAC ng/mL	3416	299.1	63.7	886.3	167.4	460.7	288.3

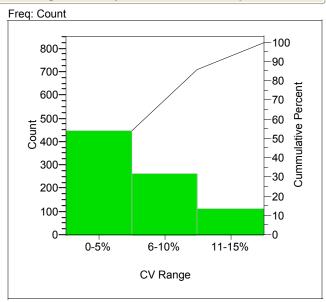


April 14, 2007 Page 25 of 41

Quality Control

Twenty-four percent of the total samples assayed by PLAC test were run in duplicate. Of the samples tested, all produced CVs < 15% between duplicates.

Framingham Study %CVs between Duplicates



QC Control Summary

Control	Beginning controls	Middle controls	End controls	Mean All	%CV AII
	ng/mL	ng/mL	ng/mL	ng/mL	%
PLAC Control 1 ng/mL 153.9 - 231.7	185.9	180.8	174.0	180.3	6%
PLAC Control 2 ng/mL 302.8 - 545.9	380.4	355.9	339.0	358.7	8%
N (total number of wells)	128	128	124	190	190

N.B. Lp-PLA2 should not be confused with secretory PLA2 group IIA; they have different functions.

- Secretory PLA2 is involved in arachidonic acid mobilization.
- Lp-PLA2 cleaves polar oxidized fatty acids; it does not affect arachidonic acid release.
- Lp-PLA2 is also referred to as Type VIIa PLA2.

References for secretory PLA2:

- Mallat Z, Steg PG, Benessiano J, Tanguy ML, Fox KA, Collet JP, Dabbous OH, Henry P, Carruthers KF, Dauphin A, Arguelles CS, Masliah J, Hugel B, Montalescot G, Freyssinet JM, Asselain B, Tedgui A. Circulating secretory phospholipase A2 activity predicts recurrent events in patients with severe acute coronary syndromes. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2005;46:1249-1257.
- Boekholdt SM, Keller TT, Wareham NJ, Luben R, Bingham SA, Day NE, Sandhu MS, Jukema JW, Kastelein JJ, Hack CE, Khaw KT. Serum levels of type II secretory phospholipase A2 and the risk of future coronary artery disease in apparently healthy men and women: the EPIC-Norfolk Prospective Population Study. *Arterioscler Thromb Vasc Biol.* 2005;25:839-846.

April 14, 2007 Page 26 of 41

Monocyte chemoattractant protein-1 (MCP1)

1.Funding Source/Lab

Framingham specimens	PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM		
Grant #	RO1 HL 064753 & RO1 HL076784		
Lab	JFK/IL		
Contact:			

2. Method: Quantitative ELISA

3.Technical Aspects

3.1 confined Aspects				
Molecular Devices VersaMax microplate reader				
Commercial kit including all reagents				
Vendor R & D Systems (Cat. No. DCP00)				
http://www.rndsystems.com/				
Minimum detectable dose <5.0 pg/mL				
Standard curve range	0 – 2000 pg/mL			

4.FHS Specimen Characteristics

- a. Serum, run in duplicate
- b. Frozen samples, run on 3rd thaw
- c. Samples were subjected to 1-3 freeze-thaw cycles.

5. QC aspects

CV intra-assay:		CV intra-assay: (FHS IDs) 3.8±3.3			
CV intra FHS IDs:					
CV Intra-assay fina	I data set. If sample	3.83±3.32			
re-measured becau					
than threshold then	use the lowest CV.				
CV intra phantoms		CV phantoms: Ye	CV phantoms: Yes		
Number per cycle					
CV inter		No inter CVs since some phantoms and the original IDs			
		are run in the same plate or on same day			
CV threshold for re	-measuring:	13.1			
Bar code reader:		Yes			
Internal controls	mean	std	min	max	
	314	28	256	376	

Mean and CV by month:

Month	06/2002	7/2002	8/2002	9/2002	10/2002	11/2002
N	653	281	700	1195	990	24
Mean±std	329±145	314±121	330±142	327±102	309±120	322±199
CVmean±std	6.3±3.0	7.1±2.8	6.1±3.42	2.0±1.8	1.8±1.5	2.7±1.8

April 14, 2007 Page 27 of 41

6. FHS participant aspect

a. Markers run: 06/02 - 11/02

b. Measured in: pg/mL

c. Count Offspring n = 3242

Descriptive Statistics -

	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Unadjusted:	321.34	124.89	2.00	2139.82	306.95	246.57	378.44
Log-transformed	5.71	0.36	0.69	7.67	5.73	5.51	5.94

7. Marker residuals (studentized)

Adjustment	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Age & Sex	-3.28E-6	1.000	-13.58	5.43	0.0290	-0.58	0.61
Multivariable	-4.83E-5	1.000	-13.71	5.69	0.0324	-0.59	0.62
covariates: idtype, age, sex, bmi, smoke, cvd, glucose, tot_hdl, lipidrx, hrx, sbp, dbp, hrtnow, asa3week, waist, diab, trig							

MCP-1 Kits Shipped in 2002

Ship Date	Catalogue #	Description	Qty	Lot#		
5/13/2002	PDCP00	Human CCL2MCP-1 QuantikinePhampak (50 Plates)	1	1506043		
5/14/2002	PDCP00	Human CCL2MCP-1 QuantikinePhampak (50 Plates)	1	207984		
10/24/2002	DCP00	Human CCL2MCP-1 Quantikine ELISA Kit	7	209990		
Generation 3 samples						
8.29.2006	SCPOO	MCP-1, R/D	126	240267		

8. Publications^{1;3-7;9;15}

April 14, 2007 Page 28 of 41

Myeloperoxidase (MPO)

1.Funding Source/Lab

Framingham specimens	PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM		
Grant #	RO1 HL 064753 & RO1 HL076784		
Lab	JFK/IL/AB		
Contact:			

2. Method: Quantitative ELISA

3.Technical Aspects

Molecular Devices VersaMax microplate reader					
Commercial kit including all reagents					
Vendor Oxis (Cat. No. 21013)					
http://www.oxis.com/					
Minimum detectable dose	0.17 ng/mL				
Standard curve range 0 – 25 ng/mL					

4.FHS Specimen Characteristics

- a. Serum, run in duplicate
- b. Frozen samples, run on 1st thaw
- c. Samples were subjected to 1-3 freeze-thaw cycles.

5. QC aspects

	or de deposits					
CV intra-assay:		3.15±2.69				
CV intra FHS IDs:		3.15±2.69				
CV Intra-assay fina	al data set. If sample	3.02±2.48				
re-measured becar	use CV is higher					
than threshold ther	use the lowest CV.					
CV intra phantoms		3.18±2.68				
Number per cycle		141				
CV inter		No inter CVs since some phantoms and the original IDs				
		are run in the same plate or on same day				
CV threshold for re	e-measuring:	11.5				
Bar code reader:		Yes				
Internal controls	mean	std	min	max		
	80.9	13.0	45.9	102.6		

Mean and CV by month:

Month	6/2003	7/2003	8/2003	9/2003	10/2003
N	170	269	389	267	652
Mean±std	45±34	54±44	50±35	49±30	46±24
CVmean±std	2.4±2.1	2.4±2.5	2.6±2.5	3.1±2.6	3.3±2.8

Month	11/2003	12/2003	1/2004	2/2004	
N	268	698	788	305	
Mean±std	52±37	46±27	41±28	48±28	
CVmean±std	3.2±2.7	3.1±2.5	3.8±2.9	2.9±2.5	

April 14, 2007 Page 29 of 41

6. FHS participant aspect

a. Markers run: 06/03 - 02/04

b. Measured in: ng/mL

c. Count Offspring n = 3190

Descriptive Statistics -

	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Unadjusted:	47.08	30.72	0.86	376.99	39.03	27.31	58.19
Log-transformed	3.68	0.58	-0.15	5.93	3.66	3.31	4.06

7. Marker residuals (studentized)

Adjustment	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Age & Sex	-3.11E-7	1.000	-6.22	3.73	-0.0203	-0.64	0.66
Multivariable	-1.60E-7	1.000	-6.21	3.75	-0.0173	-0.65	0.65

covariates: idtype, age, sex, bmi, smoke, cvd, glucose, tot_hdl, lipidrx, hrx, sbp, dbp, hrtnow, asa3week, waist, diab, trig

Publication¹

April 14, 2007 Page 30 of 41

Osteoprotegerin (OPG)

1. Funding Source/Lab

Framingham specimens	PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM		
Grant #	RO1 HL 064753 & RO1 HL076784		
Lab	JFK/IL/AB		
Contact:			

2. Method: Quantitative ELISA

3. Technical Aspects

Molecular Devices VersaMax microplate reader				
Commercial kit including all reagents				
Vendor Biomedica Gesellschaft mbH, Vienna, Austria American Vendor ALPCO (Cat. No. 04-B1-20402)				
	http://www.moleculardevices.com/pages/instruments/versamax.html			
Minimum detectable dose	0.14 pmol/L			
Standard curve range	0 – 30 pmol/L			

4. FHS Specimen Characteristics

- a. EDTA Plasma, run in duplicate b. Frozen samples, run on 4th thaw
- c. Samples were subjected to 1-3 freeze-thaw cycles.

5. QC aspects

CV intra-assay:		3.73±2.87				
CV intra FHS IDs:		3.72±2.87				
CV Intra-assay fina	I data set. If sample	3.72±2.87				
re-measured becau	use CV is higher					
than threshold then	use the lowest CV.					
CV intra phantoms		3.94±2.79				
Number per cycle		147				
CV inter		No inter CVs since some phantoms and the original IDs				
		are run in the same plate or on same day				
CV threshold for re	-measuring:	12.7				
Bar code reader:		Yes				
Internal controls	mean	std	min	max		
	8.1	0.4	7.4	9.3		

Mean and CV by month:

Month	06/2005	07/2005	08/2005	09/2005	10/2005
N	29	685	1192	1360	581
Mean±std	5.0±1.3	5.6±1.7	5.7±1.9	5.7±2.0	5.1±1.7
CVmean±std	4.2±3.6	3.3±2.5	3.5±2.7	3.9±3.0	4.2±3.1

April 14, 2007 Page 31 of 41

6. FHS participant aspect

a. Markers run: 06/05 - 10/05

b. Measured in: pmol/L

c. Count Offspring n = 3299

Descriptive Statistics -

_	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Unadjusted:	5.59	1.91	0.59	27.80	5.32	4.38	6.44
Log-transformed	1.67	0.31	-0.53	3.32	1.67	1.48	1.86

7. Marker residuals (studentized)

Adjustment	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Age & Sex	1.32E-5	1.000	-8.19	6.19	0.025	-0.57	0.59
Multivariable	4.26E-5	1.000	-8.36	6.06	0.0173	-0.57	0.60

covariates: idtype, age, sex, bmi, smoke, cvd, glucose, tot_hdl, lipidrx, hrx, sbp, dbp, hrtnow, asa3week, waist, diab, trig

P-Selectin Kits Shipped in 2005

Ship Date	Catalogue #	Description	Qty	Lot#
10/5/2005	BI-20402	OPG, Alpco	100	353SKU

N.B.

Biomedica Gesellschaft mbH.via Alpco offered the Framingham Heart study a substantial discount on the purchase price of this kit. In accepting this offer all collaborators from this study agree to reference the kit source in any and all publications that result from these data sets. Both the manufacturer and US distribution source will be cited. Biomedica of Vienna, Austria, supplied by Alpco Diagnostics. **Publication**¹

April 14, 2007 Page 32 of 41

P-Selectin

1. Funding Source/Lab

Framingham specimens	PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM		
Grant #	RO1 HL 064753 & RO1 HL076784		
Lab	JFK/IL/AB		
Contact:			

2. Method: Quantitative ELISA

3. Technical Aspects

or recrimed reposts				
Molecular Devices VersaMax microplate reader				
Commercial kit including all reagents				
Vendor R & D Systems (Cat. No. BBE 6)				
http://www.rndsystems.com/				
Minimum detectable dose	<0.5 ng/mL			
Standard curve range	0 – 50 ng/mL			

- **4. FHS Specimen Characteristics** a. EDTA Plasma, run in duplicate b. Frozen samples, run on 1st thaw
- c. Samples were subjected to 1-3 freeze-thaw cycles.

5. QC aspects

CV intra-assay:		3.20±2.41				
CV intra FHS IDs:		3.21±2.40				
CV Intra-assay fina	I data set. If sample	3.04±2.16				
re-measured becau	use CV is higher					
than threshold then	use the lowest CV.					
CV intra phantoms		2.99±2.46				
Number per cycle		148				
CV inter		No inter CVs since some phantoms and the original IDs				
		are run in the same plate or on same day				
CV threshold for re	-measuring:	8.5				
Bar code reader:		Yes				
	mean	std	min	max		
R&D controls	576.4	68.6	422.4	750.6		
Internal controls	38.6	5.59	27.0	52.4		

Mean and CV by month:

Month	6/2004	7/2004	8/2004	9/2004	
N	1415	1092	587	868	
Mean±std	38±14	38±14	42±18	37±12	
CVmean±std	3.4±2.6	3.1±2.3	3.1±2.2	3.0±2.3	

April 14, 2007 Page 33 of 41

6. FHS participant aspect

a. Markers run:06/04 - 09/04

b. Measured in: ng/mL

c. Count Offspring n = 3304

Descriptive Statistics -

	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Unadjusted:	38.23	14.32	1.79	194.91	36.32	28.69	45.66
Log-transformed	3.58	0.37	0.58	5.27	3.59	3.36	3.82

7. Marker residuals (studentized)

Adjustment	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Age & Sex	-1.90E-6	1.000	-8.08	4.32	0.0391	-0.60	0.65
Multivariable	2.22E-5	1.000	-7.85	4.60	0.0554	-0.59	0.64
covariates: idtype, age, sex, bmi, smoke, cvd, glucose, tot_hdl, lipidrx, hrx, sbp, dbp, hrtnow,							
asa3week, waist, diab, trig							

P-Selectin Kits Shipped in 2004

Ship Date	Catalogue #	Description	Qty	Lot#
5/24/2004	SBBE6	Human sP-Selectin/CD62P Parameter SixPak(6 Plates)	9	221312
7/8/2004	SBBE6	Human sP-Selectin/CD62P Parameter SixPak(6 Plates)	9	221312

8. Publications^{1;6}

April 14, 2007 Page 34 of 41

Tumor necrosis factor receptor II (TNFRII)

1. Funding Source/Lab

Framingham specimens	PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM		
Grant #	RO1 HL 064753 & RO1 HL076784		
Lab	JFK/IL/AB		
Contact:			

2. Method: Quantitative ELISA

3. Technical Aspects

Molecular Devices VersaMax microplate reader					
Commercial kit including all reagents					
Vendor R & D Systems (Cat. No. DR					
	http://www.rndsystems.com/T 200)				
Minimum detectable dose	0.2 pg/mL				
Standard curve range	0 – 500 pg/mL				

4. FHS Specimen Characteristics

- a. EDTA Plasma, run in duplicate b. Frozen samples, run on 3rd thaw
- c. Samples were subjected to 1-3 freeze-thaw cycles.

5. QC aspects

CV intra-assay:		2.25±1.62				
		Low Range 7.57%	High Range 5.6	3% (Meigs		
		060406))				
CV intra FHS IDs:		2.25±1.62				
CV Intra-assay fina	al data set. If sample	2.25±1.61				
re-measured becau	use CV is higher					
than threshold ther	n use the lowest CV.					
CV intra phantoms		2.33±1.78				
Number per cycle		148				
CV inter		No inter CVs since some phantoms and the original IDs				
		are run in the same plate or on same day				
CV threshold for re	-measuring:	6.3				
Bar code reader:	Bar code reader:		Yes			
Internal controls	mean	std	min	max		
	1835.3	190.2	1366.3	2197.0		

Mean and CV by month:

Month	2/2005	3/2005	4/2005	5/2005	
N	303	1470	1235	842	
Mean±std	1976±815	2176±822	2137±756	2098±745	
CVmean±std	2.2±1.6	2.2±1.6	2.2±1.6	2.4±1.7	

April 14, 2007 Page 35 of 41

6. FHS participant aspect

a. Markers run: 2/05 – 5/05

b. Measured in: pg/mL

c. Count Offspring n = 3227

Descriptive Statistics -

	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Unadjusted:	2126.70	788.06	671.22	8383.43	1957.85	1643.88	2400.13
Log-transformed	7.61	0.31	6.51	9.03	7.58	7.40	7.78

7. Marker residuals (studentized)

Adjustment	Mean	SD	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Q1	Q3
Age & Sex	1.58E-5	1.000	-3.90	4.81	-0.0830	-0.65	0.57
Multivariable	4.7E-5	1.000	-3.67	4.99	-0.0574	-0.65	0.58

covariates: idtype, age, sex, bmi, smoke, cvd, glucose, tot_hdl, lipidrx, hrx, sbp, dbp, hrtnow, asa3week, waist, diab, trig

sTNF RII Kits Shipped in 2005

Ship Date	Cat #	Description	Qty	Lot#
2/22/2005	SRT200	Human sTNF RII/TNFRSF1B Quantikine SixPak(6	9	221312
		Plates)		
2/22/2005	SRT200	sTNF-r2, R/D	108	227150

Publication¹

April 14, 2007 Page 36 of 41

Acknowledgements

The Inflammatory Marker Measurements detailed in this manual were made possible due to funding supplied by the National Institute of Health/ National Heart Lung & Blood Institute (NIH/NHLBI). A brief summary of the grant specific aims are detailed below:

Inflammation: Correlates and Prognosis in Framingham

Agency: NHLBI Type: RO1 HL064753 PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM

DESCRIPTION:

Increasingly, researchers understand that inflammation is critical to the development of atherosclerosis and the progression to cardiovascular (CVD) events. We hypothesize that a pathophysiologic link between systemic inflammation and CVD events is through endothelial injury and dysfunction. Endothelial dysfunction with subsequent loss of the vasodilator, anti-thrombotic, and anti-inflammatory properties of the vascular endothelium plays a dynamic role in the development of atherosclerosis and the activation of plaques culminating in CVD events.

Most prior studies of inflammatory markers have been limited to small samples of highly selected patients. The relation between the markers and cardiovascular risk factors remains unclear and their relation with endothelial dysfunction and subclinical disease remains largely unexplored. Most importantly, prior studies have not demonstrated if inflammatory markers predict incident CVD in the community. Completion of such a study will require assessment of inflammatory markers in a large, well-characterized population. We propose to assess inflammatory markers in about 3,800 men and women of the Framingham Study. The markers will include inflammatory (C-reactive protein, fibrinogen, soluble intercellular adhesion molecule-1, endothelin-1, monocyte chemotactic protein-1, tumor necrosis factor- α) and oxidative stress markers (8-epi-PGF_{2 α}, thromboxane B₂). The specific aims of this proposal are to:

- 1. Determine the relation between CVD risk factors and systemic markers of vascular inflammation.
- 2. Analyze the relations between inflammatory markers, endothelial dysfunction, and subclinical disease.
- 3. Relate markers of inflammation to prevalent and incident CVD events adjusting for standard risk factors.

Our central hypothesis is that inflammatory markers are independent risk factors for CVD events with endothelial dysfunction operating in the causal pathway. The Framingham Study is uniquely suited for this proposal by virtue of the single site population-based design, the availability of extensive antecedent and contemporary risk factor data, and the availability of long-term, longitudinal follow-up. The proposed study provides a unique opportunity to assess the prognostic importance of inflammatory markers and is likely to yield new information that will directly improve the prevention and management of CVD.

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Boston University School of Medicine
Whitaker Cardiovascular Institute

Framingham, MA 01702-6334 715 Albany St., Room W507

Boston, MA 02118-2393

KEY PERSONNEL.

Name

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Organization

The Framingham Study, BUSM

Boston University School of Medicine

The Framingham Study, BUSM

Boston University School of Medicine

The Framingham Study, BUSM The Framingham Study, NHLBI

Role on Project

Principal Investigator

Co-Investigator, Lab Director, BUSM

Co-Investigator, Statistician

Co-Investigator, Endothelial Function

Co-Investigator, Lab Director, FHS Co-Investigator, Subclinical Disease

April 14, 2007 Page 37 of 41

Framingham: Inflammation, Genes & Cardiovascular Disease

Agency: NHLBI Type: RO1 HL076784 PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM

DESCRIPTION:

Recent experimental and clinical studies support the concept that vascular inflammation is central to the development of atherosclerosis, and that systemic inflammatory markers predict a wide array of CVD events. There is increasing interest in the role of genetic variation in inflammation contributing to the susceptibility to CVD. To date mostly small case-control studies have suggested that polymorphisms in inflammatory genes are associated with subclinical and clinical CVD, but the studies have differed with regard to which genes are central, with many only finding the association in specific subject subgroups.

We have previously measured systemic markers of vascular inflammation (*i.e.*, CRP, sICAM-1, MCP-1, IL-6) and oxidative stress (*i.e.*, isoprostanes), in a population-based sample of 3800 middle-aged and elderly men and women of the Framingham Heart Study offspring cohort. We propose to genotype inflammatory candidate genes in the Framingham offspring cohort have been phenotyped for CVD risk factors, subclinical CVD. We also propose to measure systemic inflammatory markers in the Framingham Study Generation III cohort, who are the children of the offspring cohort.

The central hypothesis of this proposal is that systemic vascular inflammation represents a complex phenotype that evolves over a lifetime and is influenced by both environmental and genetic factors. We further postulate that variations in the inflammatory phenotype (marker levels) and genotype predispose to the development of CVD. The purpose of this proposal is to determine the contribution of genetic and environmental factors to vascular inflammation, and to define the extent to which inflammatory phenotypes and genotypes predict subclinical and clinical CVD, and enhance risk prediction models. Our proposal's specific aims are as follows:

- Aim 1. To examine the environmental determinants of systemic inflammation in the community.
- Aim 2. To investigate the genetic determinants of systemic inflammation.
- Aim 3. To identify the inflammatory phenotypic and genetic determinants of subclinical CVD.
- Aim 4. To determine the contribution of inflammatory phenotype versus genotype to prevalent and incident CVD and to incident hypertension.

The investigation will increase understanding as to whether inflammation is a core risk factor for CVD or is merely a marker of presence and burden of other CVD risk factors. These insights will fundamentally contribute to knowledge about the pathophysiology of CVD and may lead to improved prevention, risk stratification and management of CVD.

PERFORMANCE SITE(S) (organization, city, state)

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Framingham, MA 01702-5827	Boston, MA 02118-2393	Boston, MA 02118-2393

KEY PERSONNEL. See instructions. *Use continuation pages as needed* to provide the required information in the format shown below. Start with Principal Investigator. List all other key personnel in alphabetical order, last name first.

Organization

Name Benjamin, Emelia J. Ramachandran, Vasan S.

Fram. Heart Study/Boston Univ. Boston University
Fram. Heart Study/Boston Univ
Fram. Heart Study/Boston Univ
NHLBI/Fram. Heart Study
Fram. Heart Study/Boston Univ
Cardiovascular Engineering Inc.
NHLBI/Fram. Heart Study
Fram. Heart Study/Boston Univ.
Fram. Heart Study/Boston Univ.

Role on Project
Principal Investigator
Geneticist
Co-investigator
Senior Statistician
Co-investigator
Statistician
Consultant
Co-investigator
Co-Principal investigator
Co-investigator

April 14, 2007 Page 38 of 41

Aging and Inflammation: Longitudinal Markers and Genetics in the Framingham Study

Agency: NHLBI Type:1R01AG028321 PI: Emelia J. Benjamin, MD, ScM

DESCRIPTION:

Recent experimental and clinical studies have established that vascular inflammation is central to the nonvascular and vascular aging. To date studies with mostly single occasion assessments of markers or single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) have suggested that variation in inflammatory pathway markers and SNPs are associated with the aging process and subclinical CVD. However, the studies have differed with regard to which markers and genes are central, and have left questions as to whether inflammation begets aging and subclinical CVD, whether aging and subclinical CVD lead to inflammation. We previously measured 11 systemic biomarkers and 3000 SNPs in over 200 candidate genes in inflammatory pathways in the community-based Framingham Offspring sample. The 3500 middle-aged and elderly men and women receive serial phenotyping for age-related phenotypes including physical function, CVD risk factors, and subclinical and clinical CVD. The extent to which inflammatory biomarkers increase with advancing age. independent of age-related CVD and its risk factors is uncertain. The relation of variation in inflammatory genes to aging-related phenotypes, including frailty, physical function and subclinical CVD is largely unknown. The central hypothesis of this proposal is that the acceleration of systemic inflammation in midlife and advanced age is influenced by both risk factors and genetic variation. We postulate that variation in inflammatory pathway genes modulates longitudinal changes in inflammatory markers, and vascular aging (as assessed by increasing blood pressure and subclinical CVD), and the progression of frailty and declining physical function. To address these hypotheses we propose to repeat at the measurements of 7 key inflammatory biomarkers, originally assessed 7 years. Specific Aims:

- Aim 1. To examine the risk factors related to 7 year progression of systemic inflammation (between Offspring examinations 7 and 8, and Omni exams 2 & 3) in the community.
- Aim 2. To investigate the genetic factors associated with systemic inflammation and to examine the relation between inflammatory SNPs/haplotypes and frailty and declining physical function.
- Aim 3. To study the relation of changes in inflammatory markers to progression of blood pressure and subclinical disease including ankle brachial index, arterial tonometry, echocardiographic left ventricular structure and function and carotid intimal medial thickness.
- Aim 4. To identify the relations between changes in inflammatory biomarkers to frailty and progression of declining physical function over 7 years of follow-up.

The proposed study will fundamentally contribute insight about the relations of inflammation and aging.

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PERFORMANCE SITE(S) (organization, city, state		
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KEY PERSONNEL. See instructions. *Use continuation pages as needed* to provide the required information in the format shown below. Start with Principal Investigator. List all other key personnel in alphabetical order, last name first

Principal Investigator/Program Di	rector (Last, First, Middle):	Benjamin, Emelia J.		
Name	eRA Commons User Name	Organization	Role on Project	
Benjamin, MD, ScM, Emelia J.	emelia	FHS, BUSM	Principal Investigator	
		FHS. BUSPH	Genetic Statistician	
		FHS. BUSPH	Co-I	
		FHS. BUSM	Senior Statistician	
		FHS. NHLBI	Unpaid Collaborator	
		FHS. BUSPH	Genetic Statistician	
		FHS. Co-PI	Co-PI	
		FHS. NHLBI	Unpaid Collaborator	
		FHS, BUSM	Co-P.I.	
		FHS. BUSM	Geriatrician	
OTHER SIGNIFICANT CONTRIBUTORS				
	FHS, BUSM		Statistician	

April 14, 2007 Page 39 of 41

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April 14, 2007 Page 40 of 41

List of Covariate Labels Defined at exam the marker was measured, unless otherwise specified

idtype = Omni (ethnic/minority cohort; 7) vs. Offspring (predominantly white, European

descent; 1)

sex = male/female

Age = Age, years

sbp = Clinic physician's systolic blood pressure, mm Hg (average of 2 measures)
dbp = Clinic physician's diastolic blood pressure, mm Hg (average of 2 measures)

bmi = Body Mass Index (BMI) kg/m²

smoke = Current smoking (regular within year prior to exam), %

hrx = Hypertensive medication, % lipidrx = Lipid lowering medication, %

tot hdl = Fasting total/HDL cholesterol, ratio

glucose = Fasting blood glucose, mg/dl

cvd = Prevalent cardiovascular disease diagnosis includes any one of the following

events at or prior to the exam: Angina Pectoris (AP), Congestive Heart Failure

(CHF), Coronary Insufficiency (CI), Cerebrovascular Accident (CVA),

Intermittent Claudication (IC), Myocardial Infarction (MI)

diab = Diabetes mellitus (fasting blood sugar ≥126 mg/dl or on treatment)

trig = Fasting triglycerides mg/dl, hrtnow = Hormone replacement therapy

asa3week = Aspirin (3 per week)

waist = Waist measurement, inches

Note: medications and smoking are by self-report

April 14, 2007 Page 41 of 41